sauce at Houston, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 7, 1935, by the Independent Grocers Alliance Distributors, from San Francisco, Calif., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "IGA Brand Spanish Style Sauce * * * Packed for Independent Grocers Alliance Distributing Co. Chicago, Illinois."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in

part of a filthy vegetable substance.

On December 11, 1935, no claimant appearing, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25356. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. 3,901 Cartons of Canned Salmon, and other cases. Consent decrees of condemnation. Product released under bond. (F. & D. nos. 36464, 36469, 36537. Sample nos. 37579–B, 37594–B, 37859–B, 37866–B, 37870–B, 37876–B, 53609–B.)

These cases involved canned salmon which was in part decomposed.

On October 7, October 10, and October 23, 1935, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 12,412 cartons and cases of canned salmon at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce in various shipments on or about August 3, August 19, and September 4, 1935, by the Wrangell Packing Co., from Wrangell, Alaska, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or

in part of decomposed animal substance.

On October 10, October 16, and October 28, 1935, the Wrangell Packing Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libels and having consented to the entry of decrees, judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that it should not be sold or otherwise disposed of contrary to the provisions of the Federal Food and Drugs Act.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25357. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. 4,070 Cases of Canned Salmon. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond. (F. & D. no. 36468. Sample nos. 37578-B, 37864-B.)

This case involved canned salmon which was in part decomposed.

On October 9, 1935, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 4,070 cases of canned salmon at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 16, 1935, by the Annette Island Canning Co., from Metlakatla, Alaska, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a decomposed animal substance.

On October 29, 1935, the Annette Island Canning Co., claimant, having admitted the allegation of the libel and having consented to entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that it should not be sold or otherwise disposed of contrary to the provisions of the Federal Food and Drugs Act.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25358. Adulteration of frozen eggs. U. S. v. 221 Cans of Frozen Whole Eggs. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond for segregation and destruction of decomposed portion. (F. & D. no. 36471. Sample no. 30578-B.)

This case involved frozen whole eggs which were in part decomposed.

On October 14, 1935, the United States attorney for the District of New Jersey, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 221 cans of frozen whole eggs at Jersey City, N. J., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 9, 1935, by W. W. Butler, Inc., from Dallas, Tex., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or

in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On November 18, 1935, W. W. Butler, Inc., claimant, having admitted the allegations in the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that the decomposed portion be segregated and destroyed or denatured.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25359. Adulteration of frozen raspberries. U. S. v. 8 Barrels of Frozen Raspberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36474. Sample nos. 15598-B, 16087-B.)

This case involved frozen raspberries which were in part decomposed.

On October 11, 1935, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of eight barrels of frozen raspberries at Los Angeles, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 30, 1935, by S. A. Moffett Co., from Seattle, Wash., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "AM Pkg. Co. Everett, Wash."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On November 26, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25360. Adulteration of Vinga-Sill [herring in sauce]. U. S. v. 3 Cases of Vinga-Sill. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36475. Sample no. 42232-B.)

This case involved canned fish which was undergoing decomposition.

On October 15, 1935, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three cases of Vinga-Sill [herring in sauce] at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped from Sjobol, Lyse, Sweden, by Oscar H. Olsson, arriving at New York on or about October 4, 1934, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Special Vinga-Sill 'Brofjordens' * * * Made in Sweden * * * Oscar H. Olsson Sjobol, Lyse."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a decomposed animal substance.

On November 6, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25361. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 20 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation. Product delivered to charitable institution, on condition that deleterious substances be removed. (F. & D. no. 36490. Sample no. 32379-B.)

This case involved apples which were contaminated with arsenic- and lead-

spray residue.

On September 9, 1935, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 20 bushels of apples at Omaha, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 4, 1935, by Jeff D. Brown, from Springdale, Ark., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous and deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On October 16, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution on condition that it be pared to remove the spray residue before being used.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture

25362. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 84 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36496. Sample no. 33764-B.)

This case involved apples which were contaminated with lead.

On September 30, 1935, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Ohio, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the